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1. Product and Company Identification

<u>Company</u> BASF CORPORATION 100 Park Avenue Florham Park, NJ 07932, USA 24 Hour Emergency Response Information CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

Substance number: Molecular formula: Chemical family: Synonyms: 000000212469 C19 H18 CI N3 O4 ; C17 H22 CI N3 O strobilurine, conazoles Pyraclostrobin + Metconazole

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency overview

WARNING: Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. May be fatal if swallowed. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. HARMFUL IF INHALED. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wash thoroughly after handling.

See Product Label for additional precautionary statements.

State of matter: liquid Colour: yellow, clear Odour: characteristic, of the solvent contained in the product

Potential health effects

Primary routes of exposure:

Routes of entry for solids and liquids include eye and skin contact, ingestion and inhalation. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquified gases.

Acute toxicity:

Moderately toxic after single ingestion. Slightly toxic after short-term inhalation. Relatively nontoxic after short-term skin contact.

Irritation / corrosion:

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May cause slight irritation to the skin. Causes substantial but temporary eye injury.

Sensitization:

Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure:

Individuals with pre-existing diseases of the respiratory system, skin or eyes may have increased susceptibility to excessive exposures.

Signs and symptoms of overexposure:

Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia due to the ingredients. Because of the increased risk of chemical pneumonia or pulmonary edema caused by aspiration of the hydrocarbon solvent, vomiting should be induced only under professional supervision.

Potential environmental effects

Aquatic toxicity:

Very toxic (acute effect) to aquatic organisms.

Terrestrial toxicity:

With high probability not acutely harmful to terrestrial organisms.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

CAS Number	Content (W/W)	Chemical name
175013-18-0	< 12.0 %	Pyraclostrobin
125116-23-6	< 8.0 %	Metconazole
91-57-6	< 5.0 %	Naphthalene, 2-methyl-
91-20-3	< 3.0 %	naphthalene
90-12-0	< 2.0 %	Naphthalene, 1-methyl-
	< 70.0 %	Proprietary ingredients

4. First-Aid Measures

General advice:

First aid providers should wear personal protective equipment to prevent exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

If inhaled:

Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm.

If on skin:

Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.

If in eyes:

Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.

If swallowed:

Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Do not induce vomiting. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

Note to physician

Treatment:

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no known specific antidote.

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5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flash point:	113 °C
Autoignition:	approx. 491 °C
Flammability:	not self-igniting

(ASTM D3278) Information applies to the solvent.

Suitable extinguishing media:

foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide, water spray

Hazards during fire-fighting:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, nitrogen oxide, Hydrogen chloride, halogenated hydrocarbons, Hydrocarbons,

If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire.

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:

Evacuate area of all unnecessary personnel. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions:

Take appropriate protective measures. Clear area. Shut off source of leak only under safe conditions. Extinguish sources of ignition nearby and downwind. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

Environmental precautions:

Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Contain contaminated water/firefighting water.

Cleanup:

Dike spillage. Pick up with suitable absorbent material. Place into suitable containers for reuse or disposal in a licensed facility. Spilled substance/product should be recovered and applied according to label rates whenever possible. If application of spilled substance/product is not possible, then spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal. After decontamination, spill area can be washed with water. Collect wash water for approved disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

General advice:

RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS must refer to the Product Label and Directions for Use attached to the product for Agricultural Use Requirements in accordance with the EPA Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170. Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly sealed. Protect contents from the effects of light. Protect against heat. Protect from air. Handle and open container with care. Do not open until ready to use. Once container is opened, content should be used as soon as possible. Avoid aerosol formation. Avoid dust formation. Provide means for controlling leaks and spills. Do not return residues to the storage containers. Follow label warnings even after container is emptied. The substance/ product may be handled only by appropriately trained personnel. Avoid all direct contact with the substance/product. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts/mists/vapours. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

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Protection against fire and explosion:

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Fire extinguishers should be kept handy. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Sources of ignition should be kept well clear. Avoid extreme heat. Keep away from oxidizable substances. Electrical equipment should conform to national electric code. Ground all transfer equipment properly to prevent electrostatic discharge. Electrostatic discharge may cause ignition.

Storage

General advice:

Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources, heat or flame. Protect containers from physical damage. Protect against contamination. The authority permits and storage regulations must be observed.

Storage incompatibility:

General advice: Segregate from incompatible substances. Segregate from foods and animal feeds. Segregate from textiles and similar materials.

Temperature tolerance

Protect from temperatures below: 0 °C

Changes in the properties of the product may occur if substance/product is stored below indicated temperature for extended periods of time.

Protect from temperatures above: 40 °C

Changes in the properties of the product may occur if substance/product is stored above indicated temperature for extended periods of time.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Users of a pesticidal product should refer to the product label for personal protective equipment requirements.

Components with occupational exposure limits

naphthalene	OSHA ACGIH	PEL 10 ppm 50 mg/m3; TWA value 10 ppm;STEL value 15 ppm;Skin Designation; The substance can be absorbed through the skin.
Naphthalene, 1-methyl-	ACGIH	TWA value 0.5 ppm;Skin Designation; The substance can be absorbed through the skin.
Naphthalene, 2-methyl-	ACGIH	TWA value 0.5 ppm;Skin Designation; The substance can be absorbed through the skin.

Advice on system design:

Whenever possible, engineering controls should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

Personal protective equipment

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING, AND PACKAGING WORKERS:

Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapour/particulate respirator. For situations where the airborne concentrations may exceed the level for which an air purifying respirator is effective, or where the levels are unknown or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health (IDLH), use NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

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Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves, Protective glove selection must be based on the user's assessment of the workplace hazards.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields. Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygiene measures:

Wear long sleeved work shirt and long work pants in addition to other stated personal protective equipment. Work place should be equipped with a shower and an eye wash. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Personal protective equipment should be decontaminated prior to reuse. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. No eating, drinking, smoking or tobacco use at the place of work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: Odour: Colour:	liquid characteristic, of the solvent contained in the product yellow, clear	
pH value:	approx. 5.6	(1%(m), 25 °C) (as an emulsion)
Freezing point:	approx20 °C	Information applies to the solvent.
Boiling range:	approx. 232 - 278 °C	Information applies to the solvent.
Vapour pressure:	approx. 0.05 hPa	(20 °C) Information applies to the solvent.
Density:	approx. 1.08 g/cm3	(20 °C)
	approx. 9.0130 Lb/USg	(68 °F)
Partitioning coefficient n-	·	not applicable
octanol/water (log Pow):		
Viscosity, dynamic:	52 mPa.s	(20 °C)
Viscosity, kinematic:	approx. 18.5 mm2/s	(40 °C)
Solubility in water:		emulsifiable, insoluble

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to avoid:

Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid prolonged storage. Avoid electro-static discharge. Avoid contamination. Avoid prolonged exposure to extreme heat. Avoid extreme temperatures.

Substances to avoid:

Nitric Acid, Sulfuric acid, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous reactions:

The product is chemically stable.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur. No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated., Prolonged thermal loading can result in products of degradation being given off.

Thermal decomposition:

225 °C Possible thermal decomposition products:

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carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, nitrogen oxide, Hydrogen chloride, halogenated hydrocarbons, Hydrocarbons

Stable at ambient temperature. If product is heated above decomposition temperature toxic vapours may be released.

Corrosion to metals:

Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

Oxidizing properties:

Not an oxidizer.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Oral:

Type of value: LD50 Species: rat (female) Value: > 50 - < 300 mg/kg

Inhalation:

Type of value: LC50 Species: rat Value: 0.95 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h An aerosol was tested.

Dermal:

Type of value: LD50 Species: rat Value: > 5,000 mg/kg

Irritation / corrosion

Skin:

Species: rabbit Result: Slightly irritating.

Eye:

Species: rabbit Result: Irritant.

Sensitization:

modified Buehler test Species: guinea pig Result: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Genetic toxicity

Information on: Pyraclostrobin

No mutagenic effect was found in various tests with microorganisms and mammalian cell culture. The substance was not mutagenic in a test with mammals.

Information on: Metconazole

Results from a number of mutagenicity studies with microorganisms, mammalian cell culture and mammals are available. Taking into account all of the information, there is no indication that the substance is mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Information on: solvent naphtha

Long-term exposure to highly irritating concentrations resulted in skin tumors in animals. A carcinogenic effect in humans can be excluded after brief skin contact.

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Information on: Pyraclostrobin

In long-term studies in rats and mice in which the substance was given by feed, a carcinogenic effect was not observed.

Information on: Metconazole

In long-term studies in rodents exposed to high doses, a tumorigenic effect was found; however, these results are thought to be due to a rodent-specific liver effect that is not relevant to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Information on: Pyraclostrobin

The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect. Information on: Metconazole Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.

Development:

Information on: Metconazole Indications of possible developmental toxicity/teratogenicity were seen in animal studies. Information on: Pyraclostrobin Animal studies gave no indication of a developmental toxic effect at doses that were not toxic to the parental animals.

12. Ecological Information

Fish

Acute: static Lepomis macrochirus/LC50 (96 h): 0.15 mg/l

Aquatic invertebrates

Acute: OECD Guideline 202, part 1 static Daphnia magna/EC50 (48 h): 0.08675 mg/l

Aquatic plants

Toxicity to aquatic plants: OECD Guideline 201 green algae/EC50 (72 h): 6.9 mg/l

Non-Mammals

Information on: pyraclostrobin Other terrestrial non-mammals: bobwhite quail/LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg bobwhite quail: mallard duck/LC50: > 5,000 ppm Honey bee/LD50: > 100 ug/bee

Other adverse effects:

The ecological data given are those of the active ingredient. Do not release untreated into natural waters.

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13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Pesticide wastes are regulated. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If pesticide wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal:

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and disposed of in the same manner as the substance/product.

Rinse thoroughly at least three times (triple rinse) in accordance with EPA recommendations. Consult state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as container recycling. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

RCRA:

This product is not regulated by RCRA.

14. Transport Information

Land transport USDOT	
Hazard class: Packing group: ID number:	6.1 III UN 2902
Hazard label: Proper shipping name:	6.1, EHSM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (contains SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PYRACLOSTROBIN, METCONAZOLE)
Sea transport IMDG	
Hazard class: Packing group: ID number: Hazard label: Marine pollutant:	6.1 III UN 2902 6.1, EHSM YES
Proper shipping name:	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (contains SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PYRACLOSTROBIN, METCONAZOLE)
Air transport IATA/ICAO	
Hazard class: Packing group: ID number:	6.1 III UN 2902
Hazard label: Proper shipping name:	6.1 PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (contains SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PYRACLOSTROBIN, METCONAZOLE)

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

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Registration status:				
Crop Protection	TSCA, US	release	d / exempt	
Chemical	TSCA, US	JS blocked / not listed		
OSHA hazard categ	eff	ects repo	or 2B carcinogen; NTP listed carcinogen; Chronic target organ orted; Acute target organ effects reported; ACGIH TLV establish c - oral; Highly toxic - inhalation	
EPCRA 311/312 (Ha	zard categorie	s):	Acute; Chronic	
EPCRA 313: CAS Number 91-20-3	<u>Chemical nai</u> naphthalene	<u>ne</u>		
CERCLA RQ 100 LBS	<u>CAS Number</u> 91-20-3		Chemical name naphthalene	
State regulations				
State RTK	CAS Nu	mber	Chemical name	
NJ, PA	91-57-6		Naphthalene, 2-methyl-	
MA, NJ, PA	91-20-3		naphthalene	
MA, PA	90-12-0		Naphthalene, 1-methyl-	
			S) KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE R REPRODUCTIVE HARM.	

16. Other Information

Refer to product label for EPA registration number.

Recommended use: fungicide

NFPA Hazard codes: Health : 2 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 1 Special:

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

MSDS Prepared by: BASF NA Product Regulations msds@basf.com MSDS Prepared on: 2012/12/10

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